BOMBAY COURIER.

VOL. XXI.] SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1811. [NUMBER 963.

IT has been Resolved, that all Advertisements which appear under the Signature of the Secretary to Government, or of any other Officers of Government properly authorised to publish them in the BOMBAY COURIER, are meant, and must be deemed to convey official Notification of the Board's Orders and Regulations, in the same manner as if they were particularly specified to any Servant of the COMPANY, or others to whom such Orders and Resolutions have a Reference

BOMBAY CASTLE, 21st SEPTEMBER, 1798. JOHN MORRIS, SECRETARY.

FORT WILLIAM,

Public Department, January 23, 1811.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT all the Promissory Notes of this Government, standing on the General Register of this Presidency, from No. 2,001 to No. 2,500 of 1810-11, will be discharged at the General Treasury, on Saturday, the 9th of March next, on which day the Interest thereon will cease.

Published by Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council,

(Signed) C. M. RICKETTS,
Sec. to the Govt.

(A True Copy)
C. M. RICKETTS,
Sec. to the Govt.

Published by Order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
J. FARISH,
Deputy Sec. to Govt.

BOMBAY CASTLE,
15th February 1811.

Government Advertisement.

Public Department, 15th February 1811

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the whole of the Outstanding 8 per Cent Notes of the Loan 1807-8 dated the 15th February 1808 from No. 411 to No. 541; and all the Notes of the 8 per Cent Loan of 1808-9 dated 15th November 1808 from No. 1 to No. 204 both inclusive, will be discharged at the Treasury on Saturday the 9th Proximo, from which date the Interest thereon will cease.

Published by Order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
F. WARDEN,
Chief Sec. to Govt,

Civil Department.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT on Monday next the 18th Instant at 12 o'Clock in the forenoon, will be Sold, by Public Auction at this Office, the Breach Candy HOUSE; two SHAWLS, one Green TURBAND, and 2 Bags of JENGELY SEEDS on account of the Hon'ble Company.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
JOHN WILLIAMS,
Civil Pay Master.

BOMBAY,
CIVIL PAY OFFICE,
15TH FEBRUARY, 1811.

ADVERTISEMENT.

PROBATE of the last Will and Testament, of Captain SAMUEL ADAM GREENWOOD deceased, late in the Military Service of the Honorable East India Company, on this Establishment, having been granted, by the Honorable the Court of the Recorder of Bombay, to SAMUEL SPROULE Esq. Surgeon, one of the Executors therein named; all persons indebted to the Estate of the said deceased, are therefore requested, forthwith to make payment of their respective debts to the said Executor, and those who may have claims thereon, to send in the same to him without delay.

Bombay January 26, 1811.

ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT Probate of the last Will and Testament of CHOCARA MACKEY late of Tellicherry Mapla Inhabitant deceased being committed by the Hon'ble the Court of the Recorder of Bombay to CHOACARA CUNHY PAKY and CHOACARA COONJEE AMADOO of Tellicherry the Brother and Nephew of the said deceased and the Executors in the said will named, all Persons concerned in the said Estate are hereby apprized thereof dated 13th February 1811.

STEPHENSON,
PROCTOR.

—000000—

જાહેર ખબર

ખબર દીધાથી આપીએયેજે શ્રી તાબેશ્રીરીનો રેવાશી આપલો ચોકારા આંકી ચુનરેઆ આને મરીગાઆંછે તેનુ વીલ શ્રી મંબાજ ની રીકાડર ફોરટે આપલા ચોકારા ફુનજી અમાડુ તે બંણ બેએ મરનારનાં લાજ તથા લાતરીનાછે તે બંણ બેએને અખતીઆર મરનારનાં વીલમાં લખેઆ પરમાણે શ્રી રીકાડર ફોરટે આપેઆછે તે શરવે લોકો જેફોજ તે મરનારનાં જશટેત ઉપર લેખુ તથા દેવુછે તે લોકોને આમે ખબર આપીછે તા ૧૩ મી ફેબરવારી શને ૧૮૧૧ એંગરેજી

જશટીસીનશેન
વકીલ

BAXTER, SON, & CO.

BEG leave most respectfully to inform their Customers and the Public that they have received their Commissions from China by the late arrivals and which they now have exposed for Sale consisting of Crapes, and Velvets of various Colors, Silk Handkerchiefs, Lutestrings, Silks, Gauzes, Sarsnets, Silk Camblets and Ribbands, Sets of Tortoiseshell and Ivory Combs, and elegant Snuff Boxes; Tortoiseshell, and Sandalwood Elegant cut Fans and Plain white Silk Ditto, Breakfast and Tiffin Sets of the Best Stone China with an extensive assortment of spare articles of kinds, Superior Black and Green Teas, Rose wood Caddies on Stands, and China Trunks &c. &c.

Bombay 15th February 1811.

FOR SALE.

AT R. MACLEAN'S.

ON MODERATE TERMS,

HODGSON'S PALE ALE in Cask and Bottle, of excellent quality.

Bombay, February 14th 1811.

SHIP ALEXANDER.

TO BE SOLD
BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
On Wednesday 20th Instant
IN THE
MARINE YARD,
AT NOON PRECISELY
THE SHIP
ALEXANDER,

Lately arrived at this Port from a Voyage to Canton,

THE SHIP is burthen 750 Tons or thereabouts, built at Bombay, remarkably strong, and taken up by Government on advantageous Terms for six Months certain, being as well a very burthensome as good sailing Ship.

An Inventory of Stores may be seen on application to Mr. ASHBURNER, and the Ship may be inspected till the time of sale.

For the conditions of sale and further particulars enquire of Mr. ASHBURNER or Captain WILLIAM ROBB Commander on board.

" J. G. REMINGTON,
" L. ASHBURNER,
" O. WOODHOUSE,
" J. PAVIN,
" W. A. MORGAN,
Trustees of Dhunjeebhoy and Kycusroo Sorabjee.

BOMBAY,
11th February, 1811.

ADVERTISEMENT.

ALL that messuage or Dwelling House situated opposite to Tacoordwar within the Town walls of Bombay belonging to GERTHER HURRYDASS Banian having been Sold to ANANDABOY wife of JAIRAM MONJEE Bhatia for the sum of Rupees 10500—Persons having demand on the said Premises are required to make the same known to the TUCKER JAIRAM MONJEE the husband of the said ANUNDABOY within 14th days from the date hereof after which no Claim on the said premises will be attended to.

Bombay, 16th February, 1811.

TO BE SOLD
AT THE COURIER OFFICE,
THE BOMBAY
CALENDER,
AND
Almanac,
FOR THE YEAR
1811.
PRICE, 8 RUPEES.

A CARD.

THE Appendix containing a List of European Inhabitants will not be ready for delivery to the purchasers of the Bombay Calendar till Monday next the 25th instant.

A CARD.

THE PROPRIETORS of the BOMBAY COURIER inform the public that Copies of the BOMBAY CALENDAR, hvae been sent for sale to the following Gentlemen:

Mr. Conductor THOMAS GRIFFITHS, at Poonah,
Mr. Conductor J. H. ROOPS, Surat.
Mr. Conductor JOSEPH ROGERS, Baroda.
Mr. Conductor C. TUCKER Broach.
Mr Conductor J. W. REEL, Goa.
Mr. R. AKERS, Calicut.

TO

The Creditors of Nasserwanjee Manockjee,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the Payment of twenty five per Cent upon the respective debts of NASSERWANJEE MANOCKJEE will commence on the 1st day of March next, on the terms and conditions of the proposals made at the meeting of his Creditors on the 15th day of August last, the few remaining Creditors who have not subscribed to the proposals are therefore apprized hereof, in order that they may subscribe to the same, and receive an equal dividend with the other Creditors, as they will be otherwise excluded from the benefit thereof.

The proposals remain at the Office of Messrs. FORBES and Co. for Signature where the Dividends will be likewise paid.

W. T. MONEY,
PESTONJEE BOMANJEE,
HORMASJEE BOMANJEE
TRUSTEES.

Bombay, 15th February, 1811.

નશરવાંનજી માંણેકજીનાં લેકેણાં વાલા છઆને માગનારાવોને ખબર દીએથી આપીએયેજે નશરવાંનજી માંણેકજીનાં પુરા દેવાનાં છઆને ફરજનેા રાલો દકા (૨૫) પચીશા તારીખ ૧૬ મારચ આવતા મહીનાંની ચી માંગનારને પગાર કરવાને રાકુ કરશે ને પરમાંણે શારવે લોકે જોજી તથા ફંડીશન મુકરર કીધુછે માગનારાવોએ મીનલશા કરીને તારીખ ૧૫ મી આગશટ ઠી આ વરશની એ કબુલ કીધાછે જ આને માગેઆછે તે મુજબ આપશે બાકીનાં લેકેણાં વાલાવોએ પરપોજબ કુપર શાકી નથી કીવી તે જોકે ને આએ ખબર આપીએ છએએ પેલા પરપોજબ કુપર શાકી કરે તે શારખે લાગે બીના માંગનારાવો લીએ તે મુજબ લીએ નકીતર વેટલા આવેછે કાલાનાં તેબી બંદ થાશે જ આને પછી આપશે મકી તે પરપોજબ મીશતર શારબશાની કંપનીની કોકી શામોછે જેને શાક કરવી મોમેતે ના

[illegible]

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WEDNESDAY, 15th Aug. 1810.

At a Meeting of the Creditors of Nafferwanjee Manockjee, held at Bombay.

MR. WOODHOUSE propoſes that an Aſſignment of all Nafferwanjee Manockjee's property be made to Truſtees for the benefit of the Creditors at large ſubject to any Incumbrances upon it; but as the probable amount of the ſurplus will not pay one Anna in the Rupee, Mr. Woodhouſe is authoriſed to offer that the property ſhould be aſsigned abſolutely to Peſtonjee Bomanjee and Hormasjee Bomanjee and two other Truſtees to be named by the Creditors upon an aggreement on the part of Peſtonjee Bomanjee and Hormasjee Bomanjee to pay twenty per Cent, to the reſpective Creditors upon their reſpective balances and in full of their reſpective demands; and to ſay that the Aſſigned Mortgaged property, after payment of the claims upon it, ſhall be diſpoſed of and the overplus of it's produce diſtributed equally amongſt the Creditors —And in the mean time that Nafferwanjee Monackjee's perſon ſhall not be moleſted by the parties ſubſcribing their names hitherto, and that the ſaid twenty per Cent, ſhall be paid at the expiration of ſix Months from the date hereof.

Mr. Forbes propoſes to give up the ſum of Rupees Sixty Thouſand part of the Mortgage claim of Forbes and Co. for the good of the Creditors at large (coming in for that ſum upon the ſame terms as the other Creditors) but ſuch ſacrifice is to be made upon condition of the whole of the Creditors agreeing to the above terms.

Mr. Forbes further purpoſes, and it is agreed to on the part of Hormasjee Bomanjee, that Hormasjee Bomanjee for himſelf and Peſtonjee Bomanjee ſhall make up the dividend twenty five per Cent, inſtead of twenty, in conſideration of which the Creditors are, upon being paid that Amount at the expiration of ſix Months, to grant releaſes in full of all demands upon Nafferwanjee Monackjee and aſſign their reſpective demands to Hormasjee Bomanjee and Peſtonjee Bomanjee for their own uſe and benefit; but this alſo to be ſubject to the concurrence of the Creditors at large.

A Liſt of the Creditors of Nafferwanjee Monackjee, who have aſſented to the propoſitions.

EUROPEAN GENTLEMEN.

Major A. Campbell,	8,963 0 43	
Lieut. J. Cooke,	2,114 1 54	
H. Agar, Eſq.	9,045 1 82	
Maj. A. Mclachlan,	4,290 3 61	
Capt. R. Cockburn,	7,270 2 59	
Lieut. S. Prendergaſt,	10,896 0 47	
Capt. C. Schuyler,	40,147 0 80	
Col. L. H. Dickenſon,	8,895 3 76	
Enſign Jas. Fraſer,	3,021 0 40	
Lieut. J. Johnſon,	6,691 1 85	
Capt. P. Gardner,	8,729 3 05	
Serjt. W. Blair,	5,773 0 28	
Capt. R. H. Horton,	3,924 3 45	
Mr. Taſker,	5,917 1 44	
John Leckie Eſq.	2,149 2 35	
Laurence Shaw, Eſq. deceaſed,	82,061 2 71	
Mr. Geo. Felce,	11,133 2 33	
Capt. R Kelly,	3,330 0 20	
Capt. J. Leavock,	4,180 0 82	
Capt. Egan,	5,815 2 96	
Mr. M. Williams,	8,490 0 68	
Dr. T. T. Mardon,	15,792 1 10	
Lieut. J. Allen,	11,893 3 41	
Capt. E. Lowes,	15,930 2 77	
Lieut. T. Taylor,	1,710 3 88	
Mr. W. Whitaker,	10,601 3 49	
W. Crozier Eſq.	29,615 2 20	
Capt. S. Snook,	9,739 0 00	
Captain Thomas Turner,	6,209 3 80	
L. Aſhburner Eſq.	6,123 0 00	
Capt. C. Keys,	7,409 3 77	
Capt. Finneſs,	3,083 2 34	
Capt. D. Cameron,	6,375 3 90	
Mr. Skelton,	1,470 2 57	
Lieut. G. Fraſer,	1,050 3 66	
Serjt. R. Whitham,	2,087 2 00	
Lieut. W. McKenzie,	1,511 1 80	
Lieut. A. B. Campbell,	591 0 18	
Serjt. Major M. McKenzie,	2,669 2 15	
Revd. A. Burrowes,	1,985 3 22	
Mrs. Brookſbanks,	12,518 0 00	
Mrs. Mary Cadou,	8,899 0 00	
Mr. R. T. Hereford,	15,857 3 37	
Mr. A. G. Paterſon,	1,687 1 67	
Mr. R. Beck,	1,520 1 20	
C. Grant Eſq.	1,053 2 00	
Mr. R. Beck,	7,332 3 35	
Serjt. J. Whitehead,	417 3 66	
Capt. J. Sterling,	547 1 40	
W. Tibb,	1,308 2 94	
Serjt. S. Wills,	944 2 10	
Serjt. W. Culphan,	22,863 1 31	
J. Skrine Eſq.	40,201 1 14	
Miſs Crozier,	46 2 45	
Mr. A. MacArther,	1,191 1 47	
Capt. C. Barnard,	4,102 0 48	
Mr. Chs. Thomas,	7,175 1 73	
		5,09,373 1 99

PORTUGUESE.

Lourenco de Lemos,	2,698 1 34	
Philip Lourenço de Lemos,	841 3 53	
Miguel de Abreo,	5,065 2 83	
Franciſco Xavier de Pinto de Gloria,	1,119 3 10	
Pedro das Chavas,	610 1 00	
Antonio Gonſalves,	1,371 3 17	
Antonio de Jeſus,	4,246 3 65	
Franciſco Xavier de Jeſus,	975 1 84	
Joſeph Maria Lopes,	764 1 26	
Lourenço de Silva,	1,255 2 02	
Domingos Gonſalves,	1,753 1 51	
Franciſco de Cruz,	149 3 93	
Ann Mary,	15,450 0 00	
The Eſtate of Antonio Vaz,	1,781 0 96	
Joaquim Luis,	12,063 3 39	
Portugueſe Church of Sion,	1,702 3 46	
Confraria de Saó Franciſco,	7,810 2 75	
Maria Gomes,	444 2 17	
Confraria de N. S.	2,898 3 13	
Myna. by Monſr. Gautier,	1,060 3 84	
Confraria de Senhor Santiciimo,	1,272 2 91	
Aurolia de Souza,	1,949 1 72	
Mary Gerald,	1,033 0 00	
Fany Daniel, 1378-0-70 & 2294-0-70	3,672 1 40	
Julian Bordeau,	1,676 3 99	
Joze Franciſco Pereira,	4,366 1 61	
Portugueſe Church of Girgon,	938 3 83	
Anna de Lima,	7,306 1 00	
Antonia de Souza,	818 0 00	
Pereira of Mazagon,	1,307 2 00	
Domingos Gonſalves,	1,283 1 35	
Mary Loſter,	2,429 2 56	
Ritta de Mello, Pedroz & daughter,	2,298 3 52	
DSouza & Co.	7,083 0 96	
Caya Maria Caliana,	1,189 0 75	
		1,02,692 0 48

FRENCH.

Monſr. Gautier,	11,726 0 43	
Monſr. Mercier,	5,218 3 00	
		16,944 3 43

BANIANS, SHROFF AND MERCHANTS.

Gopaldaſs Manordaſs,	140,000 0 00	
Javerchund Atmaram,	33,570 0 00	
Munſſaram Jugjuon,	2,662 2 00	
Goverdon Jugjuon,	29,438 1 14	
Narendaſs Narotumdaſs,	14,824 3 38	
Ramdaſs Bhugvandaſs,	12,547 2 61	
Megjee Habachund,	550 3 97	
Atmaram Rajaram,	6,184 1 12	
Munſſaram Rajaram,	5,198 1 28	
Valubram Atmaram,	2,397 3 58	
Wittaldaſs Kenſoodaſs,	22,895 1 52	
Bhugvandaſs Lolldaſs	678 1 60	
Bhugwandaſs Sabilchund,	2,400 1 32	
Arjunjee Nathjee,	21,581 0 80	
Hury Curſen,	872 2 68	
Nanjee Seſſeſan,	10,025 1 60	
Manordaſs Dwarkadaſs,	8,928 3 25	
Lathboy Tricumdaſs,	1,954 2 86	
Cudva Hurjuen,	2,407 0 01	
Davidaſs Gopaldaſs,	2,559 1 14	
Cala Mody,	4,821 2 77	
Kemjee Poenjee,	6,615 0 12	
Joorafurs Dhanacuer,	4,929 2 72	
Kenſſordaſs Ramdaſs,	1,808 2 09	
Pravagjee Deſſoy,	13,025 0 50	
Goolabchund Premchund,	1,200 0 00	
Wittal Loldaſs,	3,072 2 00	
Trybhun Gertherloll,	1,100 0 00	
Herjee Pemjee,	2,000 0 00	
Sewloll Purmanund,	2,135 0 88	
Purſotum Nathoo,	2,492 1 80	
Tricum Dongadaſs,	1,828 2 89	
		2,66,866 3 64

NATIVES.

Moroba Gunputjee,	4,074 0 68	
Ramchundra Mancojee,	3,360 0 32	
Govind Canoba,	1,063 2 22	
Ragoba Purſotomjee,	1,748 3 74	
Baboo Purob,	523 2 83	
Puttoba Antoba,	5,727 1 82	
Gopal Mallo,	226 0 54	
Dadajee Yadow,	1,639 0 88	
Ragoonathjee Bawajee,	1,365 0 70	
Puttoba Govindjee	4005 1 74	
Battia Nadorker	10,367 2 33	
Wallodew Guneſs	337 0 89	
Sunder Bhaſcurjee	756 2 91	
Sunker Jogoo Sinoy	2,388 2 82	
Naron Dadjee	718 1 20	
		38,302 1 62

PARSEES.

Beramjee Seramjee,	6,562 0 14	
Muncherjee Jejeebhey,	1891 0 60	
Framjee Peſtonjee	5,415 1 38	
Jemſetjee Bunarjee	3,810 3 46	
Curſetjee Sorabjee,	2649 2 68	
Sorabjee Monackjee	418 0 32	
Sorabjee Monackjeeſett	6,906 2 08	
Nuſſervanjee Cuvorje	346 3 22	
Dadabhoy Mervanjee	821 3 38	
Hormujee Cunverjee	664 3 51	
Cunverjee Ruſtomjee	772 2 26	
Fulloo Ruſtomjee	1,738 3 00	
Dinsy Herjee	5,509 3 66	
Jumſetjee Nanabhoy	10,658 1 67	
Cuvorjee Limjee	1,665 3 08	
Hormorjee Banemjee	53,104 3 27	
Sorabjee Muncherjee	12,000 0 00	
Bunanjee Nanabhoy	10,457 3 48	
Bhicajee Merjee	726 3 36	
Cawſjee Nanabhoy	2,444 2 84	
Ka Kuſſro Dhunjeeboy,	1,357 3 10	
Cavosjee Sorabjee	2,081 0 00	
		13,196 2 39

WOMEN.

Coonverboye Herjee Jevon's Widow	32,070 1 95	
Ditto Ditto	538 2 41	
Haboyjee	6,442 1 08	
Methy boye	4448 3 23	
Herabiye	1,171 2 00	
Bachooboye Cuverjee Patell	2,118 1 75	
		46,790 0 42

BORA.

Mooſſaje Khemjee	2,011 3 45	
Saſeff ali Nanabhoy	1,096 1 00	
Pallan	2,402 0 00	
Bukerbhoy Shaik Tyal	1,877 2 60	
Piercan Tyabjee	2,537 0 76	
Meyajee Annedjee	404 3 88	
		10,329 3 69
Rupees —		12,20,265 1 66
Hamoboye, Framjee Nanabhoy's Wife	16,765 3 47	
Bhicoyjee and Merboye, Herjee Jevon's daughters	6,325 2 70	
		23,091 2 17
		12,43,356 3 83
Dhackjee Dadaje		26,749 0 39
		12,70,106 0 22

Liſt of the Creditors willing to Sign the Propoſitions on payment.

PORTUGUESE.

Manoel dos Remedios,	2,289 2 67	
Coſtaino de Coſta,	1,222 3 52	
Padre Andre de Silva,	550 1 70	
Clara Nesbitt Grant,	706 2 89	
Henrique Faria,	1,766 3 35	
Roza Fallis,	1,074 2 00	
Roza Maria de Souza,	1,162 0 10	
Antonio dos Remedios,	561 2 66	
William Piner,	2,125 0 83	
James Baker,	817 0 80	
		12,270 0 51

BANIANS SHROFFS AND MERCHANTS.

Luckmeychund Puryran,	6,088 2 36	
Kenſowjee Shamjee,	346 1 48	
Ragoonath Anup,	1,448 1 06	
Panjee Callainjee,	826 0 04	
Toolſey Gopaljee,	2,252 0 96	
Herroo Afooreany,	290 3 12	
Sandaſs Bhoolakedaſs,	1,839 2 10	
Mooty Ragoonath,	1,296 0 28	
Monuckchund Moorleyther,	756 2 21	
Narotum Dayaram,	1,893 2 40	
Atmaram Mulchund,	486 1 68	
Dharamſey Hamchund,	745 2 60	
Pranjowan,	632 1 50	
Dama Gopall,	383 2 95	
Sakia Nager,	143 3 16	
Tackurdaſs Narandaſs,	573 0 54	
Culchra Purdan,	423 3 00	
Affaram Vinaque,	1,199 1 12	
Herjee Jayram,	206 0 26	
Barrote Lucka Daſſa,	134 0 00	
		21,385 3 58

NATIVES PURVOES &c.

Ragoonath Damuljee,	1,046 1 80	
Gopall Dullajee,	10,163 2 87	
Ramchundra Purſhotum Senoy,	2,383 3 23	
Gourey Widow,	1,74 2 00	
Wiſſoonath Rachandra Dalvie,	934 3 81	
Kenſowjee Dadajee,	239 2 06	
Caſſiba Ramjee,	1,500 0 00	
Luximeyboy Widow of Ballcruſta Sewjee,	4,335 0 00	
		21,627 3 77

PARSEES.

Doſſa Coomrojee,	17,751 1 00	
Jehangeer Edeljee	1,443 0 66	
Ruſtomjee Eduljee	1,065 0 00	
Bomonjee Sorabjee	2,043 0 00	
Curſſetjee Nanabhoy	4,273 2 66	
Nowrojee Byramjee	6,971 0 67	
Palanjee Dadabhoy	2,324 1 32	
Curſetjee Framjee	410 1 16	
Doſſabhoy Nanabhoy	355 3 83	
Eduljee Sorabjee	1,179 1 52	
Hormojee Saporjee	696 2 53	
Eduljee Bhicajee	115 1 08	
Meody Jamſetjee Byramjee	3,000 0 00	
Manuckjee Ratta	382 2 50	
Saporjee Sorabjee	430 0 00	
Nowrojee Cawaſjee	426 2 90	
Limjee Saporjee	726 2 49	
		42,555 1 95

WOMEN.

Marboy Hormojee Dady's Wife	8,516 0 62	
Abhoyjee Peſtan Ponchas' Widow	5,347 2 00	
Dhunboy Bow Gadavalos Sifter	639 0 60	
Coonverbhoy Curſetjee Framjee	229 1 17	
Herraboy Dorabjee's Widow	241 1 85	
Heraboy Dorabjee Nafferwanjee's Mother	321 0 49	

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Navazboy Herjee Edeljee's	285 0 40	
Nanlaboy	453 1 63	
		16033, 0 19
Rupees —		113,878 3 98

List of the Creditors not Signing.

EUROPEANS.		
Capt. Burns,	27,444 2 57	
Mr. Kirson,	6,706 2 52	
Lieut. Lord,	12,993 2 60	
Lieut. Hawkins,	2,129 2 29	
		49,274 1 98
PORTUGUESE.		
Joze Barretto,	9,710 0 76	
Anthony de Souza of Sion,	3,968 3 62	
Mary Rathurfield,	3,780 2 20	
Padre Antonio Xavier,	2,233 0 81	
Roza Nesbitt,	625 2 00	
Pascoal de Souza,	350 2 36	
		20,668 3 84
Ramdas's Widow,		19,682 2 21
Dady Nafferwanje,		10,185 1 45
NATIVES.		
Kenssow Bandary,	5,152 9 65	
Sunkersett Baboolsett,	26,700 1 87	
Dhackjee Dadajee,	26,749 0 39	
		58,601 2 91
England.		
General Robert Nicholson	11,597 3 05	
Captain Daly	8,742 1 55	
Goa.		
Lieutenant McLean	10,663 1 17	
Roderigues.		
Captain Forbes	2408 1 66	
Captain Hanna	11,224 3 08	
Calcutta.		
Captain Babcock	1,806 3 00	
Ship Cornwallis.		
Captain Graham	9,276 1 85	
Mr. Veleck	1,115 0 50	
Mr. Tulcher	506 3 50	
Mr. Tofs,	405 2 00	
Ship Bombay Merchant.		
Mr. Jenkins,	1,001 1 90	
Mr. Smith,	266 2 75	
Dead.		
Capt. Morley, Mr. Morley's son.	1,979 2 82	
Capt. Campbell,	4,858 1 20	
Surat.		
Jacob Johaness,	32,407 0 68	
Cawvasjee Sorabjee,	86,716 1 00	
Pranjavan Vanedass,	1,950 1 62	
Hurry Valub Raseckdass	2,367 2 38	
Hurjavan Nathoobhoy	11,162 2 50	
Nathoobhoy Prumalul	11,283 1 32	
Pranvalub Surebhoy	2,551 0 88	
Gerdherlall Gopaldass	2,700 0 58	
Cavasjee Camajee	3,672 3 11	
		2,26,834 3 89
Rupees —		3,85,178 0 28
Deduct Dhackjee		26749 0 39
		35,3428 3 89
Add		
Moorlither Sumbo	12,545 0 26	
Dewaliboy	7,902 1 80	
		20447 2 00
		378,876 1 89

THE COURIER.

BOMBAY.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1811.

GENERAL ORDERS.

BOMBAY CASTLE, 8th FEBRUAEY 1811.

By the Hon'ble the Governor in Council.

THE Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to fix the Pensions to be hereafter granted to Widows of Conductors of stores (being Europeans,) at Rupees (12-2) twelve and two quarters.

The Pensions at present received by Conductor's Widows are to be reduced to the above standard from the end of the present year of account.

Bombay Castle 13th February 1811.

In consequence of the promotion of Major Prother' which vacates his staff appointment of Barrack Master at Surat, the Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant Carter of the 1st. Battalion 8th Regiment to succeed to that situation.

Bombay Castle 14th February 1811.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant Samuel Hughes of the 1st. Battalion 2d. Regiment Native Infantry to the situation of Commissary of provisions, and to place that officer under the directions of the Military Board; the appointment to have effect from the 8th Instant.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
W. NEWHAM,
Sec. to Govt.

By private letters received from the Isle of France the agreeable intelligence has been received, of the approaching return of our gallant and successful commander in chief the Hon'ble John Abercromby to the Presidency. He was to embark for Bombay in the middle of January on board the Hesper sloop of war.

The detachment of Bombay Artillery, H. M. 65th Regiment and the detachment of the 2d of the 2d N. I. under Capt. Imlach were returning to Bombay under convoy of the Clorinde. H. M. 84th were to proceed on further service.

The Hecate, which arrived at Madras on the 4th instant from the Isle of France and which she left on the 23d December, brings intelligence that the Doris with a division of transports for Madras sailed on the 23d December. The Cornwallis with another division was to sail on the 25th and the Phiyche with the third and last division was to sail as soon as possible.

The Hugh Inglis and the Phœnix sailed on the 22d December direct for Bengal. Admiral Bertie was to sail for the Cape on the 26th Decembr.

The Upton Castle and Castlereagh of this port proceed to France.

We understand that Captains Kirkpatrick, Prendergast, Nesbit and Camptell are, appointed to command the ships destined to Bombay and China this season and that the Dover Castle, Captain George Richardson is for Bombay direct.

Although the following account relates to dangers past and known, we trust that the details of the picture as they have been presented to us by an eye witness and an actor in the perilous scene, will prove sufficiently interesting, to excuse their insertion at this period. We allude to the Typhoon which attacked the fleet bound from this place to China, on the 29th October last and more particulary to the situation of the Elphinstone Captain Craig during that Typhoon.

For two days preceding the wind had blown strongly from the N. E.; the appearance of the heavens was threatening and the Barometers indecated an approaching storm. All the ships were under storm sails and fully prepared for the worst of weather. On the morning of the 28th 4 A. M. the wind had drawn round from N. E. N. N. W. to West and about 6 A. M. had got to S. by W. at which point it remained, till twenty four hours after the Typhoon began to abate. About 11 A. M. on the 29th in lat 18. 0. N. and long 116. 00 E. its violence commenced; for three or four hour, it continued to blow with inconceivoble fury: differing however both in the degree and duration of its severity in different parts of the limited space occupied by the fleet, none of the ships being distant from each other more than ten miles.

From day light untill 11. A. M. on the 28th the Elphinstone had been occasionally running under the fore staysail and lying to the wind looking for the Commodore; and at last the fore staysail was blown to pieces and she was allowed to come to the wind on the larboard tack, as it was apprehended that the wind was too strong for any canvas and that it would be dangerous to scud without it. At this time, the ship having come to the wind, behaved very well, the sea occasionally breaking over her forward; but as all the Hatchways both of the gun and upper deck were fastened down, but little of the water got below. The ports had been fresh lined at Bombay new hoses put on the scuppers and new lanyards had been worked into the scuttles for securing them, in the Straits of Malacca. The port bars having been furnished with eyes and forelocks, the latter worked loose in the Typhoon the water having gained fast on the gun deck, burst open several of the lee scuttles. The gun deck was immediately filled with water; and neither the air holes on the gun deck nor all hands baling, working the Engine and securing the scuttles, could reduce the quantity.

This additional weight on the starboard side encreased the ships heeling; and the quantity of water which in addition had vented through the air holes into the hold, sunk her much deeper in the water and she was in fact rapidly sinking. No remedy was left, but to get her before the wind, at the hazard even of being pooped and broaching to.

The weather goose wing of the fore sail was tred to veer the ship, but it immediately went to atoms although reefed. This experiment having failed, it was resolved to cut away the mizen mast, which by the exertions of the gunner, Boatswains mate and half a dozen chosen sailors was effected at 1 P. M. 30th. But this was found to have had but little effect in either rightning or paying off the ship, which was fast settling in the water, with the mainyard arms in the sea though perfectly square by the lifts, and the lee side of the upper deck to the coamings fore and aft completely under, with the starboard bulk head of the cuddy stove in by the send of the sea; and in fact the ship was completely water logged and all on board gave her up for lost. They at last succeeded in cutting away the mainmast at ½ past 1 P. M. after all the lanyards to leeward had been cut at the standing part, with the greatest danger and difficulty, the sea frequently being ten feet over the mens heads, while they were employed about it. As soon as the mainmast fell the ship lifted, became more lively, paid off, gathered way and in about ten minutes the wrecs got clear of the lee quarter gallery, which it carried away as well as the boat in that quarter.

This fortunate event cheered up the hopes of all and they returned cheerfully to the pumps.

As the ship continued before the wind to heel gunwale in from the immense quantity of water, the cotton on the starboard side had absorbed, it was endeavoured, by keeping the helm hard aport, to bring her up with the wind on the starboard side, to free the gun deck from water; but notwithstanding the violence of the wind, the main and mizen masts being cut away, they could only bring the wind upon the quarter, and were therefore obliged to throw the starboard upper deck guns over board to help to righten her and to make her scud with less danger of being pooped.

All the pumps worked exceedingly well; with which and with baling the water off the gun deck all hands were employed for twenty four hours after we got the ship before the wind, before they got the pumps to suck; during all which time the helm was hard a port with the wind about south and making our course about N. E only. The day following they were obliged to bring the wind on the other quarter and keep the helm hard a starbord, the wind about south and only making a N. W. course to avoid the Pratas.—The heat and quantities of steam which ascended in a day or two from the cotton was so alarming that Capt. Craig was under the necessity of requesting Capt. Suxpetch with whom they fell in to accompany the Elphinstone into port, which he readily agreed to, and it was not till they had got the lower deck cleared and the hold begun upon, that the apprehensions on the score of fire subsided.

ARRIVALS.]—Lieutenant Alexander Leckey, 2d Regiment N. I.
John Irving, Assistant Surgeon 2d B. 10th R. M. N. I.
Captain M. Williams, Surveyor General.
Lieutenant R. W. Griendly,
Lieutenant Colonel John Bailie, Artillery.
Ensign F. Wasetwood 2d B. 2d R.
Major Mahony,
Doctor Gordon,
Cornet A. Witkins, 7th Cavalro.
Lieut. William Prest, 1st B 9th R. M. N. I.
Lieutenant William Kennedy, 1st B. 7th R.
Captain G. W. Krooket, 2d B. 7th R.
Lieutenant Jefferson, 1st B. 7th R.
Doctor Thomas, 1st B. 7th R.
DEPARTURES.]—Doctor Morgan,
Colonel Wm. Williamson, European Regiment.

NAUTICAL CHRONICLE AND NAVAL REPORT.

BOMBAY.

FEBRUARY 10th.

Arrived the Ship Alexander, Capt. Willam Robb from China,—11th Ship Prince of Wales, Lieut. G. S. Hepburn, from Bassorah,—Sailed ditto, Ship Exeter Capt. James Timbrell, to England;—Ditto H. M. Ship Chiffone, J. Wainwright, Esq. Capt. to Sea,—Arrived Ship Gunjaver, Capt. N. S. Purvis, from China,—12th Ship Asia Capt. James Robertson from China.

CALCUTTA.

SHIPPNIG INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

January 19.—H. C.'s ship Batavia, Captain Mayne, from Ceylon.

Ditto 20.—Country vessel Lady Stanly, from Penang the 19th ditto.

Ditto.—Estrella de Mar. from Damaun, the 4th November.

Ditto. 21.—Antipodes, from Port Jackson the 30th July, last from the Coast.

Ditto.—H. M.'s ship Dasher, from Penang the 31st ultimo.

Ditto. 21.—H. C.'s ship Lord Eldon, Captain Young, from Bombay and Point de Galle.

Ditto 22.—Portuguese ship Laz, from Penang the 31st December, 1810.

Ditto 23.—Ship Carmo, from ditto ditto.

DEPARTURES.

January 22.—Ship Margaret, Captain Sterling, bound to Muscat and Bussorah.

Ditto 23.—H. C.'s extra ship Hebe, bound to England.

MADRAS.

FEBRUARY 2d,

On Tuesday last arrived His Majesty's Ship Leda, Captain Sayer, from Calcutta.

The Honorable Sir John Newbolt, Knt. Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court at Madras landed about noon the same day, under the salute due to his rank, and immediately proceeded to the Garden House of the Honorable the Chief Justice.

This morning being the first day of Term—the Honorable Sir John Newbolt, will take his Seat in the Supreme Court, under the customary formalities.

Lady Newbolt, Mr. Newbolt, and the Reverend Mr. Davies came Passengers on the Leda from Calcutta.

The Packet for England by His Majesty's Ships Barbadoes, remains open at the General Post Office.

The Overland Dispatch from this Presidency to England, will for the future be dispatched quarterly—on the first days of January, April, July and October.

Yesterday arrived His Majesty's Ship Modeste, the Honorable John Elliott, from Calcutta.

ARRIVALS—January 27th, Ship Salamany, Captain Thomas D. Finey, from China, 25th Dec.—28th ditto, Arab Ship Mary, Nacoda Sooroar, from Pulo Penang, 13th January.—29th ditto, H. M. Ship Leda.—ditto Brig Covelong, Captain Charles Down, from Masulipatam, 23d January.—30th ditto Bark Britannia, Captain J. Campbell, from Coringa. 25th January, 1811.—1st February, H. M. Ship Modeste, Captain Elliot, from Calcutta,

COLUMBO ARRIVALS.—January 11th, Carter Trial, Capt. C. Perterson, put back.—H. M. Ship Chiffonne, J. Wainwright, Esq. Capt. from China—having under convoy the following Ships from China viz. James Drummond, Captain Gardner; Varunna, Captain Douglas; Asia, Captain Robertson; Alexander, Capt. Robb; Friend'sShip, Captain Suxpitch; Ganjava, Capt. Purvies.

Calcutta Intelligence.

January 25,

FROM THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.

FORTH WILLIAM, *January* 25, 1811.

General Order by the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council.

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council has the satisfaction to announce to the Public, the arrival of Dispatches brought to Madras by Captain Barlow, on His Majesty's Frigate Cornelia, containing the intelligence of the Surrender of the Isle of France to the Arms of His Majesty and the Honorable Company, on the 3d of December.

The Details of the Operations which terminated in the achievement of this important Conquest, have not yet been received.

Order, that a Royal Salute be immediately fired from the Ramparts of Fort William, and a Feu de Joie by the Troops in Garrison, in honor of this occasion

Extra Batta to be served out to the Troops in Garrison.

By Order of the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council.

N. B. EDMONSTONE,
Chief Sec. to the Govt.

The Official Dispatches to the Supreme Government, were sent off from the Isle of France by the Thetis Cruizer, direct for Bengal, two days before the Cornelia sailed. The letters now received refer for the detailed account of operations to the letters transmitted by the Thetis: but few particulars are mentioned in the advices forwarded by way of Madras.

Fourteen hundred men only, stood by General Decaen; his defence was as resolute as could be expected from his means; and the number of his men.—The Militia and inhabitants were generally disaffected. No regular opposition was attempted to the approach of the British troops; some slight skirmishing occurred, and the enemy endeavoured to harrass our troops in their advance, by a desultory fire.

Governor Farquhar took the oaths of Office, and assumed the functions of Government on the 6th December.

Captain Hewett of His Majesty's 22d foot had embarked from the Mauritius, for England with the official account of the reduction of that valuable Island.

JANUARY 25.

Private letters from London per Barbadoes, mention that the Earl of Moira had signified his intention to bring forward a motion, in the House of Lords, early in the ensuing Session, relative to the suspension of Lieut. Colonel Capper and Major Boles of the Madras Army.

The Earl of Lauderdale had also given notice of an intended motion in the House of Lords, relative to certain proceedings at Fort St. George, connected with the investigation into the validity of the debts of the late Nabobs of the Carnatic.

Major General Stafford, now on his passage to India, on board the Fort William, is appointed on the Staff of the Bengal Army.

Major Generals Wood and Morris are, we understand, to fill the two vacancies expected on the Staff of this Army.

CALCUTTA LOTTERY.

The Sixth Drawing was held on Monday last, when No. 1170 came up to a prize of Sicca Rupees One Hundred Thousand. This fortunate number belongs to a Hindoo, of the name of Pulwan Sing, who for many years past has earned a precarious livelihood, by providing groupes of Dancing Girls for the opulent Bengalese, during the Doorgah Poojah and other Festivals. Pulwan Sing is the sole Proprietor of the Ticket;—he bore the sudden stroke of good Fortune, by which he was raised in an instant from indigence to a state of affluence, beyond his most sanguine dreams, with all the composure of a practical philosopher.

Maha Rajah Sookmoy Roy, died at his house on Saturday last, in the 58th year of his age, after a long illness. The Rajah has left property to the amount of half a crore of rupees. Thirty Lacs of which are invested in Government Securies. The whole of his property, excepting the sums appropriated to religious ceremonies, and three lacs of rupees to make a Road to Jaggernaut, is directed by his will to be equally divided among his five sons. The different Bridges on the Road to Jaggernaut are each to bear a stone inscribed with the name of the Deceased.

Mirror.

It is with extreme concern, that we have to announce the death of the Honourable C. A. Bruce, Governor of Penang, who was carried off by a fever on the 27th ultimo, after an illneſs of only eight days. The general regret excited by this event, and the eſteem entertained for Mr. Bruce's character, had been evinced by a requiſition from the principal European inhabitants of Penang to the Sheriff, deſiring that a meeting might be ſummoned, to conſider, of the beſt tribute of reſpect which they could offer to the memory of the deceaſed.

Mr. Phillips, the ſenior member of Council at Penang, had aſſumed the temporary charge of the government.

The troop ſhips for Amboyna, (viz. the Nadir Shah, Harriett, Mentor, John Bebb and Change, which ſailed from hence under convoy of the Daſher, arrived with that veſſel at Penang, on the 25th ultimo.

We are much concerned to add, that Peter Innes, Eſq. ſecond aſſiſtant to the Reſidency of Amboyna, died at Penang, on the ſame day as Mr. Bruce, and after an illneſs of ſimilar duration.

The detachment under the command of Colonel Brown, on ſervice in Berar, continues to purſue Gopaul Sing, by rapid and inceſſant marches. They have hitherto failed, however, in their endeavours to overtake the main body of that chieftain's forces. A ſmall party of his infantry was intercepted and cut to pieces, in the morning of the 21ſt ultimo; and, in the courſe of the ſame day, a body of his horſe was deſcried by a detachment of our Cavalry, and the whole were deſtroyed, after a purſuit of about five miles,

Major Kelly, with the light detachment under his command, has moved from the cantonments at Lohargong, and taken up a poſition to co-operate with Colonel Brown's force.

Lieutenant-General Champagne has arrived at Cawnpore, and aſſumed the command of the field army.

Tranquillity, we underſtand, has been reſtored at Benares, the inhabitants have returned to their dwellings, and the ſhops of all the principal ſhroffs and other are again open.

The ſecond diviſion of the 67th Regiment had marched into Benares, where the whole of that corps remained in quarters, at the date of the laſt accounts.

Some diſturbances, which had ariſen at Dacca, from the ſame cauſe, which excited the commotions at Benares, have alſo, we underſtand, ſubſided. [*India Gazette.*

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT of JUDICATURE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1811.

The King v. Mathew Law.

Mr. Law this day appeared at the bar, to receive judgement for an Aſſault on Mr. Ricketts, to which he had pleaded Guilty.

The Advocate General ſubmitted an affidavit to the Court, in aggravation of puniſhment. It being in ſubſtance nearly the ſame with that which was formerly before their Lordſhips, he did not think it neceſſary to epitomize it, but moved, that it be now read. The Clerk of the Papers was proceeding accordingly to read it, when he was interrupted by Mr. Ferguſſon, Counſel for the Defendant.

Mr. Ferguſſon obſerved, that the Advocate General had ſtated, that this affidavit was nearly the ſame with that formerly before the Court;—if he meant that it contained the ſame facts which were detailed in Mr. Ricketts's affidavit in ſupport of the motion for an information, he (Mr. Ferguſſon) conceived, with ſubmiſſion to their Lordſhips, that he had ſufficient grounds, on which to oppoſe the reading. This affidavit was perfectly in the recollection of their Lordſhips. It ſtated certain converſations, which Mr. Law and Mr. Blagrave were ſaid to have held with Mr. Ricketts, in which thoſe gentlemen had made diſcloſures of their delinquency as public officers. This, Mr. Ferguſſon ſubmitted was in itſelf a ſubſtantive offence, and could not therefore be urged in aggravation of any other crime. It was an offence, for which, as their Lordſhips well knew, the parties had been indicted, and for which they were hereafter to be tried. In an affidavit in aggravation of puniſhment, the proſecutor was called upon to ſtate the facts as they had occurred, *but not to ſtate facts, which could not have* been given in evidence in ſupport of his charge, and which formed no part of the ſubſtantive offence for which the party had been indicted.

Chief Juſtice. "If theſe facts are ſtated "in the affidavit, it will no doubt immediately occur to the Court, that there is a- "nother proſecution depending, and that it "will be their duty to take care, that a "man is not puniſhed twice for the ſame "offence, But the facts connected with one "charge, may alſo ſerve to account for and "to explain the circumſtances of another. "In ſo far therefore as they may throw light "on the Aſſault, we are bound, I think, to "hear the facts ſtated in this affidavit; but "you may rely upon it, that, in diſpenſing "the puniſhment, we ſhall be very careful to "keep the two offences quite diſtinct from "each other."

The Clerk of the Papers then proceeded to read the affidavit. It began by relating the circumſtances which led to the inveſtigation into the abuſes of the Sulkea Golahs, and the particulars of the diſcloſure ſtated to have been made to Mr. Ricketts by Mr. Law and Mr. Blagrave, as already fully detailed, in our report of the motion for an information againſt thoſe two gentlemen and Biſſonaut Sein, in the India Gazette of the 19th of November laſt. It then went on to ſtate, that, on the 4th of November 1809, nine days after the ſaid diſcloſure had been made, Mr. Law called on the deponent, and mentioned, with much apparent be embarraſſment, that, having been repeatedly urged by Mrs. Law to explain the occaſion of his evident diſtreſs of mind, he had been at length obliged to reveal all which had occurred, and that this communication had led to an explanation on the ſubject with Mr. Udny, brother-in-law of the Defendant, and one of the members of the Board of Trade. Upon this, the deponent requeſted, that Mr. Law would inform Mr. Udny, that he (the deponent) wiſhed to ſpeak with him on the ſubject; which the Defendant accordingly promiſed that he would do. Mr. Law then went away, for the purpoſe (as he ſaid,) of making the communication in queſtion to Mr. Udny; and afterwards returned, and told the deponent, that Mr. Udny would not acquieſce, as he was not to be ſuſpected of knowing any thing of the ſubject. In a ſubſequent converſation, which took place ſome months afterwards, between Mr. Law and the deponent, Mr. Law ſaid, that he took that occaſion to acquaint him poſitively, that Mr. Udny knew nothing of his or Mr. Blagrave's concern in the Golah buſineſs. The deponent was aſtoniſhed at this declaration, and aſked Mr. Law how he could poſſibly reconcile this with what he had before told him. Mr. Law replied, rather in an abrupt manner, that it did not ſignify, he now contradicted all that he had before ſaid on that ſubject, and what he had ſaid was ſpoken with a view to influence the deponent's mind, which, conſidering his ſituation, he thought allowable. On this the deponent ſaid, that there was really no knowing what to believe, —Mr. Law's conduct had become ſo ſtrange, and was now tending ſo much to irriate the deponent's feelings, that after this declaration, they could no longer be on the ſame terms of acquaintance as before; ſtill however, what had paſſed ſhould make no difference in the deponent's public conduct towards Mr. Law. After ſome further converſation, Mr. Law was going out of the room, when the deponent obſerving to him again, that it was to be underſtood that they were no longer to be on the ſame terms of acquaintance as heretofore, Mr. Law turned round in an angry and threatening manner, and ſaid, "Very well, ſir; you ſhall take the conſequences." The deponent replied. "Very well, ſir;" and Mr. Law then went away. From that time, no further direct communications took place between Mr. Law and the deponent; but the deponent had frequent occaſion, to communicate to Mr. Blagrave, his intention to inſiſt on the performance of Mr. Law's promiſe to quit the ſalt line; and he was told by Mr. Blagrave, and believes, that ſuch communications were made known by him to Mr. Law. The affidavit then went on to ſtate the reſult of the inveſtigation, the ſubſequent converſations between the deponent and Mr. Blagreve, and the deponent's notes to Mr. Blagrave and letter to Mr. Law, calling on the latter for the performance of his promiſe, and laſtly of the letter from the deponent to Mr. Udny, diſcloſing to him all the circumſtances of Mr. Law's delinquency. For a ſummary of theſe particulars, we muſt alſo refer our readers to our paper of the 19th of November. On the evening of the day, in which the letter to Mr. Udny was written between the hours of 6 and 7, as the deponent was returning from his evening drive in his barouche with his wife, near the north end of the public road leading from the courſe, the evening being light, Mr. Law drove up in his buggy to the ſide of the barouche on which the deponent was ſitting, and, in a loud voice, aſked, if the deponent's name was Ricketts. The deponent replied, it was. On which, Mr. Law ſtruck the deponent ſeveral blows with the laſh of a buggy whip, at the ſame time calling the deponent, a ſcoundrel, and other opprobrious names. Mr. Law then drove paſt the barouche, and, after proceeding to a ſhort diſtance, turned his buggy, and drove up to the ſide of the barouche on which the deponent's wife was ſitting, and, in a loud and threatening tone, called out, "I ſhall hear from you, Sir,—I ſhall hear from you;" meaning thereby, as the deponent believed, that the aſſault committed by him was intended to provoke the deponent to challenge him to fight a duel. Finally, the deponent knows of no other reaſon or cauſes whatever, which would have provoked Mr. Law to commit the outrage aforeſaid, except the circumſtances related in this affidavit.

[A]

Letter from Mr. Ricketts to Mr. Blagrave, dated 30th September, 1810.

DEAR BLAGRAVE,

I yeſterday received the anſwer of Government on the Sulkea Golah queſtion, and am happy to inform you, that it is altogether very favorable to you, and that you are reſtored to your ſituation, with the arrears of your ſalary to be paid to you. Orders are alſo given for the deficiency of ſalt to be made good. The deciſion of Government being now paſſed on this unpleaſant buſineſs, it becomes neceſſary for me to remind you and Mr. Law of your promiſe to me reſpecting the exchange of appointments, and you will oblige me by making this communication to Mr. Law. I am far from wiſhing that the removal ſhould prove injurious to either of you, nor am I influenced in ſeeing it effected by a want of confidence in the aſſurances you have made me; tho' at the ſame time my opinion of the expediency of the meaſure remains for many reaſons unaltered.

Your's truly
C. M. RICKETTS.

Sunday morning, Sept. 30th 1810.

[B]

Letter from Mr. Ricketts to Mr. Blagrave, dated 3d October.

DEAR BLAGRAVE,

As my note to you of Sunday morning ſtill remains unanſwered. I muſt again requeſt your reply to it. From what paſſed between us on Sunday, as well as on former occaſions. I feel it due to you to declare, that you have fully ſatisfied me as to your intentions; and I ſhould be glad to have thro' you, ſimilar aſſurances from Mr. Law. You will oblige me therefore by ſpeaking or writing to Mr. L. during the courſe of the day, as I could wiſh to have a final anſwer to my former note ere I quit town, which I propoſe doing in a day or two.

Your's truly,
C. M. RICKETTS.

Wedneſday morning, 3d October.

[C]

Letter from Mr. Ricketts to Mr. Law, October 7th 1810.

SIR,

I patiently waited the deciſion of Government upon the Golah queſtion, and confidently expected that it would have been followed by the prompt fulfilment of your and Mr. Blagrave's promiſes to me. It is with concern and ſurpriſe therefore that I have heard from Mr. Blagrave, as your anſwer to my notes of the 30th ultimo and 3d inſtant, that ſo far from being prepared to meet my reaſonable expectation on this head, you do not recognize the pledge on you for doing ſo, upon the extraordinary ground of my not having quaſhed the proceedings at the commencement of the inquiry; and you even attribute my wiſhes for your removal to motives of enmity towards you.

I was aware from the commencement of this unhappy buſineſs, that the very unpleaſant nature of the duty I had to perform might ſubject my conduct to miſconſtruction; and the event has ſufficiently verified my apprehenſions. Under this impreſſion I conſidered it to be adviſeable to write notes of every tranſaction, and to keep Mr. Plowden, who thro' yourſelves became acquainted with the circumſtances, regularly apprized of all that paſſed. Theſe notes will fully eſtabliſh, to any unbiaſſed mind, that kindneſs and conſideration for you and Mr. B. were my guides throughout, when not directly incompatible with my public duty: and it is a conſolation to me to reflect, that I have uniformly adhered to this lenient ſyſtem, tho' your conduct to me repeatedly warranted, may perhaps demanded, a departure from it. I here particularly inſtance your having, at a very early ſtage of this buſineſs, expreſsly urged me (to uſe your own words) to throw cold water on the proceedings, and finding this fail, your endeavouring to influence my mind by declaring that Mr. Udny knew the facts;—I appeal to you, or to any man, if ſuch an attempt to influence my conduct, and ſuch an expectation ſo injurious to my character, did not fully warrant my at once impeaching you—I am ſatisfied that the world would then have juſtified the ſtep—How much more ſo when I enter more fully on your conduct, on this occaſion. You one day declare that Mr. Udny is in full poſſeſſion of the facts, and meant to adopt a ſimilar line of conduct with myſelf towards you; and ſo fully was I impreſſed with the belief of this, that I ſaw nearly coming to an explanation with him on the ſubject—you even quit me to propoſe this meaſure; and return to tell me, that Mr. Udny will on no account ſuffer his knowledge of the buſineſs to be known; and you laſtly, poſitively deny his having been ſpoken to at all. In ſhort, the numerous inſtances of provocation which I have experienced, both from you and Mr. Blagrave, would have fully juſtified any meaſure of harſhneſs I might have reſorted to, but the compaſſion I felt for you both, and the allowances I made for the ſtate of diſtreſs you were in, have induced me to perſiſt in my lenity to the laſt—At the ſame time, ſo fully impreſſed was I with the neceſſity on public grounds, of the removal of yourſelf and Mr. B. from the ſalt line, that your aſſent to this arrangement was the only ground upon which I could reconcile my ſilence with my public duty. The readineſs with which you gave this aſſent will appear, as will the only condition I could ever hear of, that of your eſcaping the diſgrace of public detection: and this fortunate conſequence to you both, has been the reſult of the line of conduct I purſued. That I could not have miſtaken theſe promiſes, is ſufficiently manifeſt throughout, they have been repeatedly expreſſed by Mr. B. not only to myſelf but to Mr. Plowden, and even acknowledged by Mr. B. only two days ago, but even admitting that the caſe were reverſed, and that no promiſes had been made to me; I ſhould ſtill deem it my duty after what has come to my knowledge, and conſidering the nature of your appointment, to ſee your removal from the ſalt line effected. As your ſudden adoption of this meaſure might prove injurious to you, I never have required, nor do, I now require your removal to be immediate, but as I have ſo often ſaid, when a fit opportunity offered. Should therefore this my laſt appeal to you not be followed by an unqualified and written promiſe to fulfil your engagements before 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, I ſhall without further delay take ſuch ſteps as muſt enſure a compliance, however much I ſhall regret your forcing me to have recourſe to them.

I am Sir,
Your moſt obedient Servant,
C. M. RICKETTS.

October 7th, 1810.

[D]

Letter from Mr. Ricketts to Mr. Udny, dated 8th October, 1810.

MY DEAR SIR,

I know not that I ever had a taſk to perform, the diſcharge of which was ſo painful to my feelings, as is the one I now undertake, but as it is the only chance I now ſee left, to ſave two unfortunate perſons from ruin and diſgrace, I am compelled to embrace it. I have much to regret that the communication I am now about to make, has been thus long withheld from you; but as the reaſons which have induced my ſilence will be ſufficiently obvious to you, on peruſal of the incloſed letter; I ſhall here only add, that delicacy towards you ſtrongly co-operated with the miſtaken lenity I have obſerved on this occaſion. I ſhall here ſtate as briefly as I can, all that I think neceſſary for your information on this diſtreſſing ſubject. That it will be diſtreſſing and in the higheſt degree ſo to you, I am well aware of, from the facts which I am obliged to ſubmit to you of Mr. Law's delinquency in the late Golah buſineſs.

I have, as ſtated in the incloſed letter to Mr. Law, kept notes of all that has occurred in this unfortunate buſineſs; the following extract from which I earneſtly hoped, that I ſhould never have occaſion to afflict you by the peruſal of.

"At an early ſtage of the inquiry into the Sulkeah Golah buſineſs, Mr. Law came into my room in "the greateſt ſtate of agitation. He commenced by "ſtating that from the particular manner the inveſtigation was making, he was under ſerious apprehenſions of its terminating injuriouſly to him. I told "him I was at a loſs to imagine why he was thus diſtreſſed, that no charges had been preferred againſt "him—that the board were not illiberal, and they "knew if a whole amlah combined together, how "difficult it was for the ſuperintending officer to prevent fraud: a few more words paſſed when he ſuddenly ſeized my hand, and with tears exclaimed, his conſcience would not allow him to withhold from me privately, the truth, of both him "and Mr. Blagrave's being guilty—that he knew this "confidential declaration was made to a man of honor "who would not therefore impeach him or Mr. B. "that he threw himſelf and his family at my mercy— "that his life was in my hands—on me depended the "ſaving or ruin of his family—that if I purſued my "rigid inquiries all would be loſt; and that ſooner than "be brought to diſgrace, he would put a piſtol to his "head—that he had been miſerable ever ſince he was "guilty—that his guilt was occaſioned by his diſtreſs, at "a period when his children were going home, and "when he had not the means of paying for their paſſage.—This drove him to derive an advantage in "conjunction with Mr. Blagrave, from ſome ſurplus "ſalt, which at the time both conſidered might be "taken, from its not being *bona fide* the company's "property; that the repentance he felt would never "give him a moment's eaſe; that if his guilt was not "proclaimed, which it might not be, if I would but "ſhew little indulgence, he would make any reparation, and accept any inferior ſituation.

"In my anſwer, I expreſſed the painful ſurpriſe I "felt at his delinquency—the madneſs he had been "guilty of, in making me acquainted with his miſconduct from the ſituation I held; that in pity to his "family, and the diſtreſs he was in, I would not take "any advantage of his indiſcretion, and ſhould therefore obſerve ſilence on the ſubject; tho' nothing "on earth could induce me to relax in my public "duty.—That I ſhould puſh the inquiry to its utmoſt "extent, as if I knew nothing of what he had thought "proper to confeſs to me, and if during the inveſtigation, his or Mr. Blagrave's name was implicated, I "ſhould of courſe, as was my duty, bring the ſame "to the immediate cognizance of the board.—That if "no charges appeared againſt them, I ſhould ſtill expect them to avail themſelves of the firſt opportunity "to quit the ſalt line; as after the circumſtances "which had come to my knowledge, I could not feel "warranted in ſeeing them remain in it, however "much reliance I might place in the ſincerity of their "repentance. Mr. Law declared, if he was but fortunate enough to ſee the buſineſs terminate by his "not being ſuſpended, but only removed *privately*

(Continued in the Supplement.)

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